

Antenatal Preparation &

Postnatal Care

Department of Obstetrics & Gynecology

Queen Mary Hospital

Points to Note before the talk starts:

1. Washroom location →

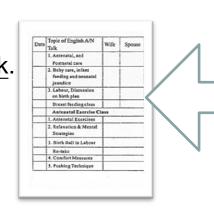
Left side of front door (this room)

Right side of rear door (this room)

Please kindly note that there's no break time during the talk.



- Fire Exit → Go out this room via rear door, the exit is at the left side of staff elevator lobby.
- 3. You can apply the Certificate of Attendance after completion of <u>ALL Antenatal Health Talk</u>. The application form could be taken from our staff in this talk or TYH OPD staff. The certificate will be mailed to you within one month of application.



Please show this AN talk class record card to our staff during registration. You can apply the certificate of attendance after all AN talk classes were marked in this record card.

Points to Note before the talk starts:

4. Video / audio recording is prohibited.



5. If you would like to know more information, please refer to the following link: http://www.obsgyn.hku.hk/antenatal_health_information



HA Apps - "HApi Journey喜程"



The HA Apps – "HApi Journey" are available for download on iPhone and Android phones.

The Apps allows users to record the health status during pregnancy, such as blood pressure, blood glucose levels, time schedule of antenatal appointment, as well as the timing tools for the measurement of uterine contractions during childbirth.

In addition, users can also view various kinds of pregnancy health information in the program, including nutritional information during pregnancy, breastfeeding, postnatal care and the information of OBS units in all public hospitals.



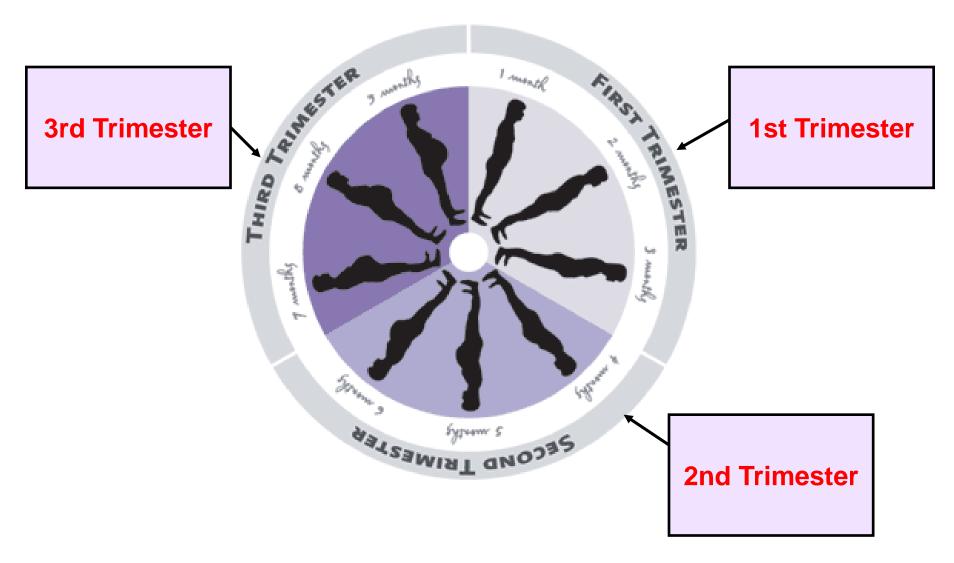
Outline



- Common Problems during pregnancy
- General Care
- Signs of Labor and Management
- Stage of Labor
- Birth Plan
- Postnatal care & Family Planning

The Nine Months.....









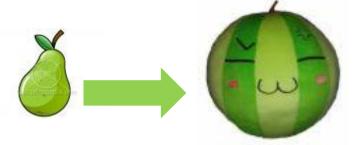
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Discomforts in Pregnancy: WHY?



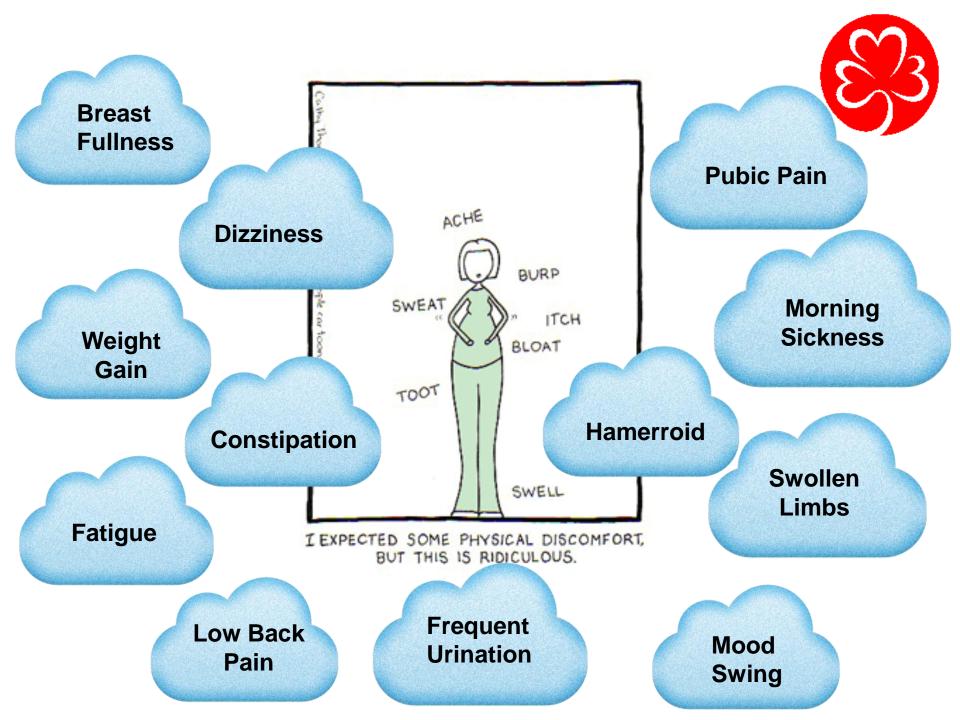
Growing Uterus

Weight Circulation Volume



Hormonal Changes

Estrogen Progesterone

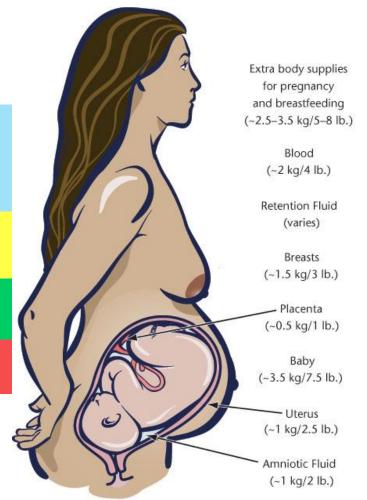


Weight Gain





Pre-pregnant body weight (BMI)	Total weight gain during pregnancy	Weekly weight gain (13-40 weeks)
Underweight (<19.8)	12.5-18 kg	0.8kg
Normal (19.8-26)	11.5-16 kg	0.5kg
Overweight (>26)	7-11.5kg	0.3kg



Constipation



Cause:

- Growing Uterus
- Hormone: Progesterone relax smooth muscle in digestive tract
- Iron Supplements

TRY:

- Eat high-fiber food
- Drink plenty of water
- Exercise regularly
- Regular bowel habit
- Laxative & stool softener prescribed by doctor

Hemorrhoid: swollen of vein of rectum *** Prevent constipation***



Pubic & Low Back Pain





Late pregnancy

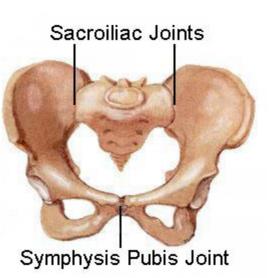
The breasts and uterus grow, adding weight to the front of the body.

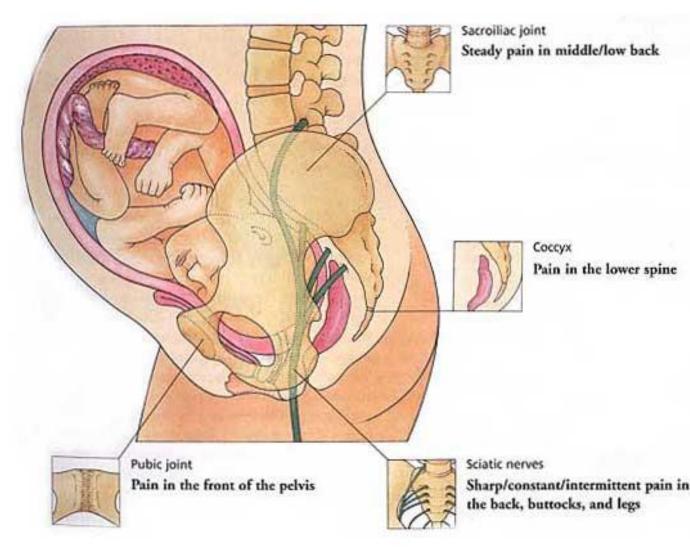
Abdominal muscles stretch as the baby grows.

Nerves may be pressed as the baby grows or shifts position.

Pelvic ligaments and joints loosen and become strained.



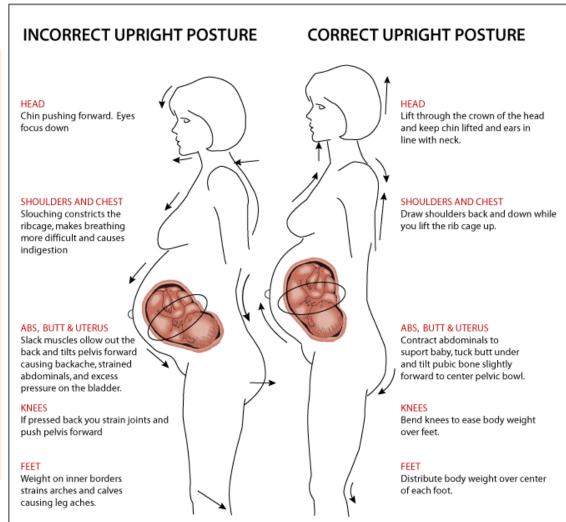




Low Back Pain

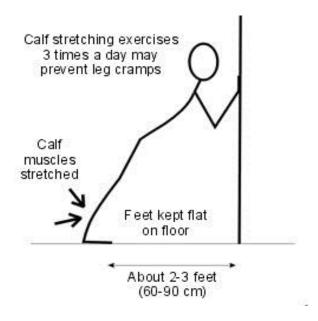




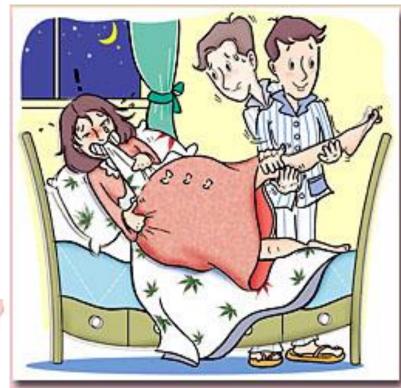




Leg Spasm

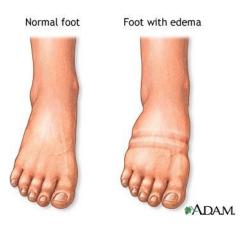




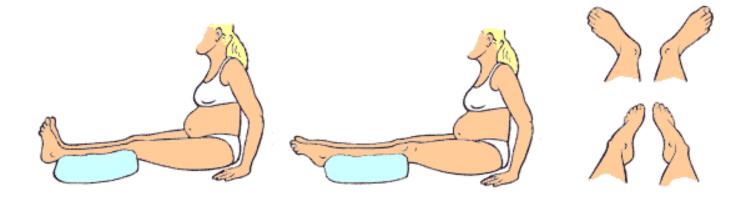


Swollen Lower Limbs









Braxton Hicks







May be felt at around 27-40wks

Braxton Hicks	True Labor	
Contractions don't get closer together.	Contractions do get closer together.	
Contractions don't get stronger.	Contractions do get stronger.	
Contractions tend to be felt only in the front.	Contractions tend to be felt all over.	
Contractions don't last longer.	Contractions do last longer.	
Walking has no effect on the contractions.	Walking makes the contractions stronger.	
Cervix doesn't change with contractions.	Cervix opens and thins with contractions.	

Breasts Care







Breasts Care





Looking a BRA with:

- @ Good support
- Wide shoulder straps
- Non-underwire

Change the bra according to the breast size changes during pregnancy



Sleeping during Pregnancy







Avoid lying flat, sleeping on your side

Tips for Sleeping Success:

- Get into a routine of going to bed and waking up at the same time each day
- Deep breathing & warm shower before sleep
- Use extra pillows to support your tummy & back

- Extra ~285 kcal per day
- Eat a variety of foods, avoid picky eating
- Reduce consuming foods of high fat content, and food & drinks with added sugar
- Pay attention to food safety



Folic Acid

Dark green vegetables Legumes and beans Peanuts and nuts Fruits

Liver



Colourful fruits, oranges and dark green leafy vegetables eg. cherries, tomatoes, pumpkins, carrots



E33

Iron

Pork & beef &poultry Fish & eggs & livers Green vegetables

Dried beans Nuts

Calcium

Milk, cheese & yoghurt
Dark green vegetables
Sesame seeds
Small dried fish & fish eaten
with bones (eg. sardines)

lodine

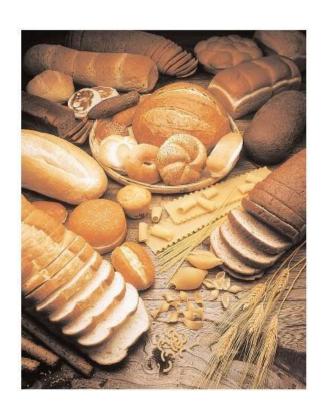
Seaweeds
Marine fish & seafood
Egg yolk
Milk & milk products



Grain Products

- substitute refined grain products with whole-grain products Eg. brown rice VS white rice wholemeal bread VS white bread
- increases satiety
- prevents constipation





Fruits & Vegetables

- Choose different colours & variety
- Prefer homemade vegetable salads
 - make sure that the vegetables & fruits are washed thoroughly
 - consume as soon as possible





Protein

- Choose meat or poultry with skin and fat trimmed off
- Choose soy products that are non-fried & low in sodium
- Avoid preserved or pickled products







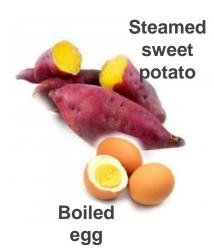
Examples of nutrient-packed snack:















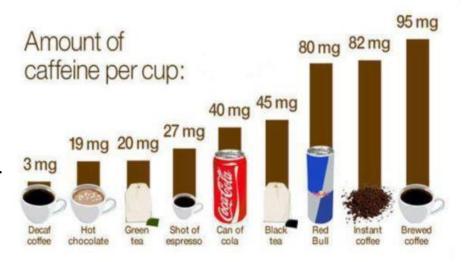


bread & multi grain bread

Limit or Get Away from

- Avoid smoking
- Avoid alcohol beverage
- Avoid fish contains high levels of methylmercury eg. shark, swordfish, marlin, king mackerel, bluefin tuna choose a varity to reduce the risk
- Avoid raw and undercooked seafood, meat and eggs
- Avoid ready-to-eat refrigerated foods
- Limit caffeine containing foods or drinks
 eg. coffee, strong tea, caffeine containing soft drinks, energy drinks & chocolate





Building relationship with an unborn baby

Why is it so important for parents to develop a positive relationship with their unborn babies?

It helps mother & father to be more responsive once the baby is born which is good for baby's development

Responds to baby



Hi, baby.....

Good for brain development!



Good for

Build a close and love relationship with your unborn baby.

What the baby is able to do at different stages!

http://www.babycenter.com/pregnancy

Involve your partner and children in it



I can hear!
Umm...
raining again or
is mammy in
the shower???

20 to 22 weeks



Antenatal Exercise





Spino-pelvic pain Swelling Cramps Haemorrhoids



Circulation

Prepare for labour



Postnatal rehabilitation

Prevent & manage back pain, pelvis pain & symphysis pubis dysfunction





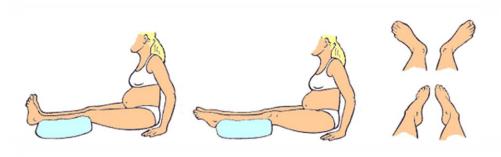


Antenatal Exercise





Take a walk
Stretching exercises





Pelvic Floor Exercise



WHY?

- To strengthen muscles around bladder & vagina
- To reduce or avoid incontinence
- To treat prolapse

WHO?

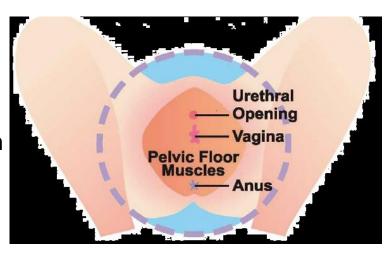
All pregnant women

even if you're young and not suffering from stress incontinence now

WHEN?

In pregnancy & after delivery

During normal daily activities eg. cleaning your teeth or waiting for bus or in the lift



Pelvic Floor Exercise



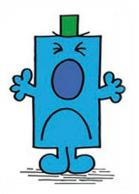
HOW?

- 1. Lie, sit or stand with your knees slightly apart
- 2. First relax your thighs, buttocks and abdomen
- 3. Concentrate and use all 3 different groups of pelvic floor muscles together, i.e. the urethral, vaginal and anal muscles
- 4. Tightening this group of muscles slowly as if you are trying to withhold passing urine or flatus
- You should have a 'tightening and lifting inward' feeling
- hold the contraction for 10 seconds, release gradually, rest for 10 seconds and then repeat the above steps
- Perform 3 cycles every day

Sexual Life during Pregnancy



- Avoid vigorous gestures and pressure on the abdomen
- CommunicateConcern mother's emotion & worries
- Suitable postures: face side-by-side, kneeling back & face-to-face sit-up



- ⊗ Signs of miscarriage in 1st trimester
- Low lying Placenta
- If any signs of discomfort, stop & seek medical advice



WHEN to Admit..?



- ANY Signs & Symptoms of Labour
 - Show
 - Leaking
 - Uterine contractions

or Decrease fetal movement



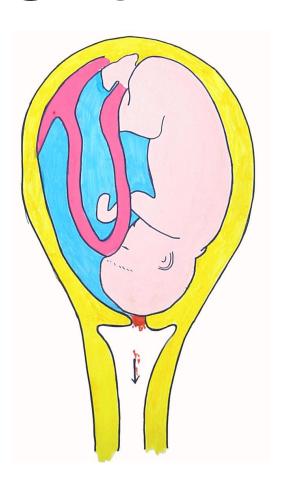
Go to Queen Mary Hospital

Block K 9th Floor South

Admission Ward

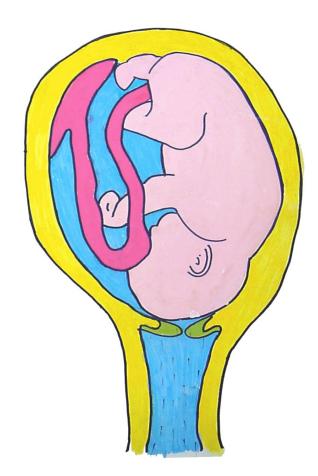


Show



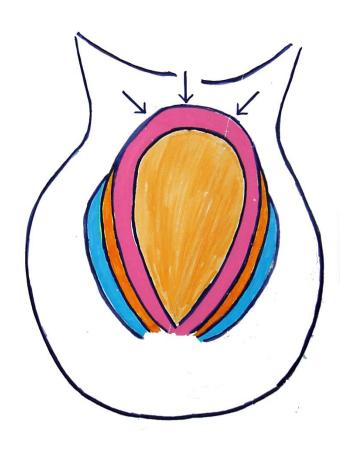
- the cervix secretes thick mucus in pregnancy
- to protect your uterus & baby from invading bacteria
- some of the mucus plug may come away as cervix begins to ripen & soften
- usually jelly-like or sticky discharge with blood

Rupture of membrane





Uterine Contractions (PAIN)



Things for Admission

Mother

- -a cup
- -toiletries
- -tissue paper
- -slippers
- -maternity pads
- -underpad
- YOUR & your PARTNER's I.D. Card
- AN BOOK & CARD
- -A small bag for labour room admission: e.g. lip balm, favourite CD, massage oil, favourite handkerchief, disposal underwear

Baby

- -new-born diapers
- -wet disposable tissue
- -cotton wool balls



Postnatal Care Family Planning





- When to call for nurses?
- Telephone
- Food and Drink
- Elimination
- Safety

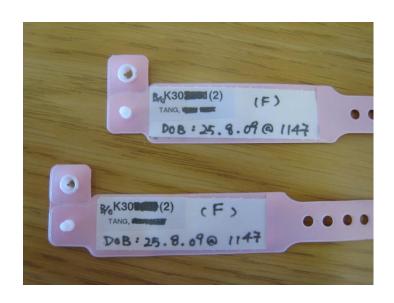


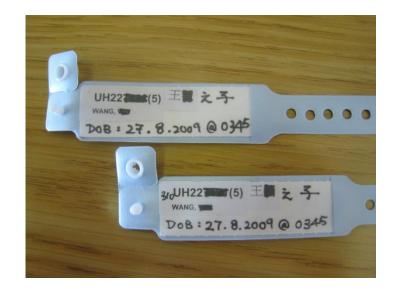
Infant Feeding Early skin to skin contact



Baby Security

Baby's bracelet

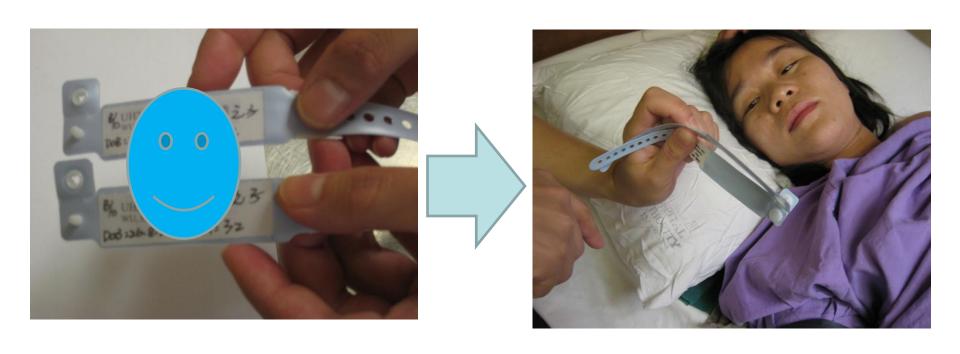




Female



Counter Checking



Wear Bracelet







Identification of Baby







To PN ward...

• 24 hours Rooming-in





Security System



Postnatal Care

- Rest
- Early ambulation
- Lochia
- Menstruation
- Personal hygiene and wound care
- Care of the breast
- Diet and nutrition
- Postnatal exercise
- Psychological care
- Postnatal check up





Eating Well during Postnatal Period



- Extra ~500 kcal per day for Breastfeeding
- Eat a variety of foods, avoid picky eating
- Reduce consuming foods of high fat content, and food & drinks with added sugar
- Pay attention to food safety
- coffee, strong tea
- caffeine containing drinks
- Avoid smoking & alcoholic drinks



- Choose whole grains
- Vegetables & fruits
- A bit more meats, fish, eggs
- Adequate water intake
- Drink appropriate quantity of milk & the alternatives

Watch out for baby's abnormal condition especially after consuming strong flavoured & gas producing food eg. garlic, curry or spices



Family Planning



A Good Start....



Antenatal Class



Preparation for Admission



Hospital Visit



Transport



What should be in your bag...





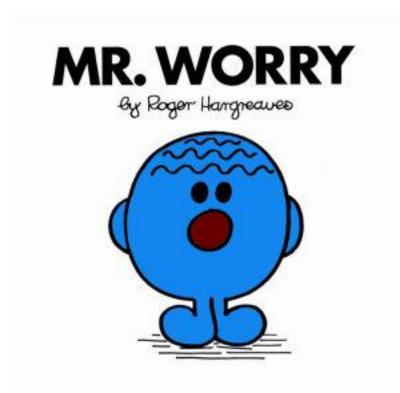


What should be in your bag?



Never bring these....







And these.....









BIRTH IS NORMAL



Gentle Reminder

- Please fill out the feedback form and give back to our colleagues.
- 2. If you would like to know more information and AN talk video, please refer to the following link:

http://www.obsgyn.hku.hk/patient_information

- (QR code can be downloaded from our reception counter)
- 3. Certificate of Attendance –

 The application form could be taken from our staff in this talk or TYH OPD staff.

 The certificate will be mailed to you within one month of application.



